# When Virtual Hell Freezes Over-Reversing C++ Code

Gal Zaban @0xgalz









# id;whoami

- Gal Zaban
- Reverse Engineer
- Security Researcher at Viral Security Group
- In my spare-time I like sewing

This is my own private research

# Agenda

### • REsearch

- C++ Internals
  - Object Creation
  - Inheritance
  - Multiple Inheritance
  - Vtables
  - Virtual calls

## DEvelopment

- IDAPython Breakpoints
- "Virtualor" IDAPython framework that automates reverse engineering of C++

# The Problem

NUTRAL NETTAG

# Reversing C++ is Hard

```
class Father1
{
  public:
    Father1(int age) { _age = age; }
    virtual int GetAge() { return _age; }
    virtual void PrintAge() { cout << "Father1's age is: " << _age << endl; }
  private:
    int _age;
};
lint main()
{
    Father1* objA = new Father1(52);
}</pre>
```

```
class Father1
   {
   public:
       Father1(int age) { age = age; }
       virtual int GetAge() { return _age; }
       virtual void PrintAge() { cout << "Father1's age is: " << _age << endl; }</pre>
   private:
       int age;
   };
   int main()
   {
       Father1* objA = new Father1(52);
push
                            ; Size
         8
call
         operator new(uint)
```

```
]class Father1
{
    public:
        Father1(int age) { _age = age; }
        virtual int GetAge() { return _age; }
        virtual void PrintAge() { cout << "Father1's age is: " << _age << endl; }
    private:
        int _age;
    };
}int main()
{
    Father1* objA = new Father1(52);
}
</pre>
```





Object Creation		
Action	Assembly	
Heap Allocation	call operator new(uint)	
Constructor Call	call j_gz_Object_ctor	

#### **.**

# **Basic Constructor**

mov	<pre>eax, [ebp+p_this_object]</pre>
mov	dword ptr [eax], offset const Account::`vftable'
mov	<pre>eax, [ebp+p_this_object]</pre>
movsd	<pre>xmm0, [ebp+objects_member]</pre>
movsd	qword ptr [eax+8], xmm0

Object	Assembly
VTable	mov dword ptr [eax], VTable
Member1	movsd qword ptr [eax+8], xmm0
Member2	
	-
MemberX	

**PrintNum()** 

### How Does A Vtable Look Like?



### Vtable In IDA

.rdata:1003AB04 of	f_1003AB04 dd
.rdata:1003AB04	
.rdata:1003AB08	dd
.rdata:1003AB0C	dd
.rdata:1003AB10	dd

dd offset sub\_10001500

dd offset sub\_10002031 dd offset sub\_10001451 dd offset sub\_1000141F



## VTables and Virtual Calls

mov	<pre>[ebp+this_object], eax</pre>	
mov	<pre>eax, [ebp+this_object]</pre>	Assignment of
mov	edx, [eax]	the vtable to EDX
mov	esi, esp	
mov	<pre>ecx, [ebp+this_object]</pre>	Move the virtual
mov	eax, [edx+4]	func to EAX
call	eax	→ The Virtual Call

## Multiple Inheritance

#### ⊡class FatherB

{

```
public:
     virtual void PrintHello() { cout << "Hello, I'm FatherB" ; }</pre>
     virtual void PrintFather() { cout << "FatherB"; }</pre>
};
□ class FatherA : public Father0
 {
 public:
     virtual void PrintHello() { cout << "Hello, I'm FatherA" ; }</pre>
     virtual void PrintFather() { cout << "FatherA"; }</pre>
 private:
     int x = 5;
 };
□ class C : public FatherA, public FatherB
 {
 public:
     virtual void foo2() { cout << "C::foo2\n"; }</pre>
};
```



# Multiple Inheritance

The Son's Full Object

C\_A\_VTable

FatherA\_Member1

....



FatherA\_MemberX

C\_B\_VTable

FatherB\_Member1

FatherB\_MemberX

...

C\_Member1

...

C\_MemberX



# Function Calls w Multiple Inheritance

#### int main()

{

```
Father0* p1 = new Father0();
FatherA* p2 = new FatherA();
FatherB* p3 = new FatherB();
C^* p4 = new C();
```

```
p1->PrintHello();
p2->PrintHello();
p2->PrintFather();
p3->PrintHello();
p3->PrintFather();
p4->FatherA::PrintFather();
p4->FatherA::PrintHello();
p4->FatherB::PrintFather();
p4->FatherB::PrintHello();
p4->foo2();
return 0;
```

mov	<pre>ecx, [ebp+this_ptr_C]</pre>
add	ecx, 4
call	j_gz_FatherA_PrintFather
mov	<pre>ecx, [ebp+this_ptr_C]</pre>
add	ecx, 4
call	j_gz_FatherA_PrintHello
mov	<pre>ecx, [ebp+this_ptr_C]</pre>
call	j_gz_FatherB_PrintFather
mov	<pre>ecx, [ebp+this_ptr_C]</pre>
call	j_gz_FatherB_PrintHello
mov	<pre>eax, [ebp+this_ptr_C]</pre>
mov	edx, [eax]
mov	esi, esp
mov	<pre>ecx, [ebp+this_ptr_C]</pre>
mov	eax, [edx+8]
virtual	<pre>call- C::foo2():</pre>
call	eax

# It requires a lot of work

# I wanted to make it fluffy

#### 

# IDAPython + IDC =



# IDAPython is ezpz to write

30

# But IDC is more extensive



# How it all began





# Virtualor





# Automated IDA tracing

Create trace breakpoints on virtual calls

• Parse the trace file created by IDA

Edef define\_function\_trace(adr):

return idc.SetBptAttr(adr, idc.BPTATTR\_FLAGS, idc.BPT\_ENABLED | idc.BPT\_TRACE | idc.BPT\_TRACEON | idc.BPT\_TRACE\_FUNC)





# The Tracing problem

- It didn't give a realtime solution for vtables
- This solution can only provide the specific function call and not all the vtable



## How can we make it a dynamic solution?

- Taint backward to the instruction that assigns the relevant function to the register of the virtual call
- Create the structure of the vtable based on the vtable base pointer
- Correlate between the structure and the vtable pointer



# IDAPython- How to create a Breakpoint

import idautils
import idaapi
import idc

class ConditionalBreakPoint: def \_\_init\_\_(self): pass

def set\_bp(self, adr, cnd):
 print "breakpoint on %08x" % adr
 idaapi.add\_bpt(adr, 0, idc.BPT\_SOFT)
 idaapi.enable\_bpt(adr, True)
 idc.SetBptCnd(adr, cnd)

def delete\_bp(self, adr):
 idaapi.del\_bpt(adr)



# Hook VTables Pointers

#### Find all the virtual calls

### Add breakpoints on the vtable's function assignment

#### while cur\_addr >= start\_addr:

```
if idc.GetMnem(cur_addr)[:3] == "mox" and idc.GetOpnd(cur_addr, 0) == i_cnt:
    opnd2 = idc.GetOpnd(cur_addr, 1)
    place = opnd2.find('+') #
    register = ''
    offset = ''
    if place != -1: # if the function is not the first in the vtable
        register = opnd2[opnd2.find('[') + 1: place]
        offset = opnd2[place + 1: opnd2.find(']')]
        return register, offset, cur_addr
    else:
        offset = "0"
        register = opnd2[opnd2.find('[') + 1: opnd2.find(']')]
        return register, offset, cur_addr
    cur_addr = idc.PrevHead(cur_addr)
```

# Conditional BP as a hook

Write code inside the BP conditions
Add false binary condition in order to disable the breakpoint prior to the BP execution



# Conditionals BP and IDAPython

 By default IDAPython support only IDC Conditional Breakpoints
 In IDC conditions we cannot #include idc.idc





# **IDAPython** internals

 Diving into the files of IDAPython modules
 We must find a way to change the condition to IDAPython



```
def set bpt cond(ea, cnd, is lowcnd=0):
    .....
    Set breakpoint condition
    Gparam ea: any address in the breakpoint range
    Gparam gnd: breakpoint condition
    Oparam is lowcnd: 0 - regular condition, 1 - low level condition
    @return: success
    11 11 11
    bpt = ida dbg.bpt t()
    if not ida dbg.get bpt(ea, bpt):
        return False
    bpt.condition = cnd
    if is lowcnd:
        bpt.flags |= BPT LOWCND
    else:
        bpt.flags &= ~BPT LOWCND
    return ida dbg.update_bpt(bpt)
```



```
class Breakpoint
  FI (
     // Breakpoint type. One of BPT ... constants
     attribute type;
    // Breakpoint size (for hardware breakpoint)
    attribute size:
    // Breakpoint condition (string)
    attribute condition;
    // Scripting language of the condition string
    // "IDC" for IDC, "Python" for Python etc. ('name' field of extlang t)
    // if empty, default extlang is assumed
    attribute elang;
    // Breakpoint flags. Refer to BPTATTR FLAGS
    attribute flags;
    // Breakpoint properties. Refer to BKPT ... constants
     attribute props;
class bpt t(object):
    11 11 11
   Proxy of C++ bpt t class
    11 11 11
  condition = swig property ( ida dbg.bpt t condition get, ida dbg.bpt t condition set)
  elang = _swig_property(_ida_dbg.bpt_t_elang_get, _ida_dbg.bpt_t_elang_set)
```

```
_swig_destroy_ = _ida_dbg.delete_bpt_t
```

```
______del __ = lambda self : None;
```



# The new BP Creation

def	<pre>set(self, break p=False):</pre>
1	<pre>print "breakpoint on %08x" % self.address</pre>
	<pre>print "=Breakpoint Added=\n"</pre>
	<pre>idaapi.add_bpt(self.address, 0, idc.BPT_SOFT)</pre>
	idaapi.enable_bpt(self.address, True)
	<pre>bpt = idaapi.bpt t()</pre>
	<pre>idaapi.get bpt(self.address, bpt)</pre>
	<pre>bpt.elang = self.elang</pre>
	<pre>bpt.condition = self.condition.get text()</pre>
	idaapi.update bpt(bpt)
	print bpt.condition



# The Hook Purpose

- Create IDA structures of the vtables
- Connect the structures with the virtual calls
- Add comments and references to the code
- Correlate the vtable base pointer to its struct

## The Hook location

• The breakpoint located on the assignment of the relevant function to the register.

		Not share
mov	esı,	esp
mov	ecx,	[ebp+this_obj]
mov	eax,	[edx+4]
call	eax	
	mov mov mov call	<pre>mov esi, mov ecx, mov eax, call eax</pre>

# Get The Vtable Pointer

What Created the Hook

p\_vtable = idc.GetRegValue(\"""" + reg\_vtable + """\")

pv\_func\_addr = idc.GetRegValue(\"""" + reg\_vtable + """\") + """ + offset + """

mov	esi,	esp	
mov	ecx,	[ebp+this_obj]	
mov	eax,	[edx+4]	
call	eax	en de	

## Get The Vtable Pointer

#### • And this is how it looks in the hook's condition:

#### 👧 Edit script

Please enter script body

p\_vtable = idc.GetRegValue("edx")
pv\_func\_addr = idc.GetRegValue("edx") + 4

mov	esi,	esp
mov	ecx,	[ebp+this_obj]
mov	eax,	[edx+4]
call	eax	

# Get Functions From Vtable

#### What Created the Hook

```
all functions = []
```

```
if """ + offset + """ > 0:
```

cnt = 0

```
while cnt <= """ + offset + """:
```

```
pv func addr = idc.GetRegValue( \"""" + reg vtable + """\") + cnt
```

```
v func addr = get wide dword(pv func addr)
```

v func name = GetFunctionName(v func addr)

```
all functions.append(v func name)
```

cnt += 4

# Now we have we have the vtable!





# Add Vtable Functions as Members





# This is how the structure looks like now...

vtable\_0x1379ba8L struc v\_gz\_j\_get\_balance dd ? v\_sub\_1371497 dd ? vtable\_0x1379ba8L ends



# Unfortunately It's not Fluffy Enough.



A STATE STAT

# Because we also want comments!

# Add Comments To The Structure

- Add where the function were assigned
- Add function's names to existing comments
   using the same function from different parts of the code.

# Add Comments To The Structure

#### What Created the Hook



# Add Comments To The Assembly

What Created the Hook

virtual call addr = """ + hex(start addr) + """

```
last_text = idc.get_cmt(virtual_call_addr, 1)
if last_text == None:
```

```
last text = ""
```

idc.set\_cmt(virtual\_call\_addr, last\_text + "vtable structure is: " + "vtable " + hex(p vtable) + ", function: " + curr func, 1)

# And One Last Thing To Add ...



# Structure Offset and False Condition



# Now The Hook Is Finished!

## The Hook

```
p vtable = idc.GetRegValue(\"""" + reg vtable + """\")
pv func addr = idc.GetRegValue(\"""" + reg vtable + """\") + """ + offset + """
all functions = []
if """ + offset + """ > 0:
    while cnt <= """ + offset + """:
        pv func addr = idc.GetRegValue(\""" + reg vtable + """\") + cnt
       v func addr = get wide dword(pv func addr)
       v func name = GetFunctionName(v func addr)
        all functions.append(v func name)
        cnt += 4
        #virtual call addr = idc.NextHead(idc.here())
struct id = add struc(-1, "vtable " + hex(p vtable), 0)
for func name in all functions:
    print "hello"
    idc.add struc member(struct id, "v " + func name, cnt*4 , FF DWRD, -1, 4)
    cmt curr = idc.GetMemberComment(struct id, cnt*4, 1)
    if cmt curr== None:
        if """ + offset + """ == cnt*4:
            idc.SetMemberComment(struct id, cnt*4 , "Was used in address:" + " """ + hex(start addr) + """" , 1)
            curr func = func name
    else:
        cmt new = cmt_curr
       cmt new += ", " + " """ + hex(start addr) + """ "
        idc.SetMemberComment(struct id, cnt*4 , cmt new , 1)
virtual call addr = """ + hex(start addr) + """
last text = idc.get cmt(virtual call addr, 1)
if last text == None:
idc.set_cmt(virtual_call_addr, last_text + "vtable structure is: " + "vtable_" + hex(p_vtable) + ", function: " + curr_func, 1)
idc.op stroff(virtual call addr, 1, struct id, 0)
"gal" == "IDA"
```

# Before

eax, [ebp+var_14]
edx, [eax]
esi, esp
ecx, [ebp+var_14]
eax, [edx+4]
eax
esi, esp
jRTC_CheckEsp
eax, [ebp+var_20]
edx, [eax]
esi, esp
ecx, [ebp+var_20]
eax, [edx]
eax
esi, esp



## After- vtable structures

vtable\_0x1279b34L struc ; (sizeof=0x8, mappedto\_47)
j\_gz\_FatherA\_PrintHello dd ? ; XREF: \_main\_0+164/r ; Was called from address: 0x01272A26L
j\_gz\_FatherA\_PrintFather dd ? ; XREF: \_main\_0+179/r ; Was called from address: 0x01272A3CL
vtable\_0x1279b34L ends

```
vtable_0x138a34b1L struc ; (sizeof=0x8, mappedto_48)
j_gz_FatherB_PrintHello dd ? ; XREF: _main_0+18F/r ; Was called from address: 0x01272A51L
j_gz_FatherB_PrintFather dd ? ; XREF: _main_0+1A4/r ; Was called from address: 0x01272A67L
vtable_0x138a34b1L ends
```



# After- The Disassembly

mov	eax,	[ebp+this_ptr2]
mov	edx,	[ <mark>eax</mark> ]
mov	esi,	esp
mov	ecx,	[ebp+this_ptr2]
mov	eax,	[edx+vtable_0x1279b34L.j_gz_FatherA_PrintFather] ; Was called from address: 0x01272A3CL
call	<mark>eax</mark>	; vtable struct is: vtable_0x1279b34L, function j_gz_FatherA_PrintFather
cmp	esi,	esp
call	jF	TC_CheckEsp
mov	eax,	[ebp+this_ptr3]
mov	edx,	[ <mark>eax</mark> ]
mov	esi,	esp
mov	ecx,	[ebp+this_ptr3]
mov	eax,	[edx+vtable_0x138a34b1L.j_gz_FatherB_PrintHello] ; Was called from address: 0x01272A51L
call	eax	; vtable struct is: vtable_0x138a34b1L, function j_gz_FatherB_PrintHello
tevt . 01	27243	C call eax : vtable struct is: vtable 0x1279b34
+ov+ . 01	27243	F cmp esi esp
+0++01	27242	a call i BTC ChockEan
text.01	27284	call <u>J</u> KrC_CheckEsp
text:01	.272A4	mov eax, [eop+this_ptr3]
text:01	.272A4	8 mov edx, [eax]
text:01	.272A4	A mov esi, esp
text:01	272A4	C mov ecx, [ebp+this_ptr3]
text . 01	27244	Emov eax, [edx+vtable_0x138a34b1L.j_gz_FatherB_PrintHello]
text:01	272A5	1 call eax ; vtable struct is: vtable_0x138a34b1L



# What's next?

 Add structures for all the objects (local, static, dynamic) and the inheritance.

 Add logic to the names of the functions in the vtables based on their code: strings, function calls, loops and more.

