



Car Manufacturer meets Security Community

Impressions from Germany's First Car Bug Hunting Event

#whoarewe

- Kevin Schaller | kschaller@ernw.de
 - Senior IT-Security Researcher & Analyst @ ERNW GmbH
 - 9 Years of experience in IT-Security
 - Researcher, primarily focused on Web, Mobile & IoT
 - Team lead of Mobile & IoT Security

#whoarewe

- Dr. Karsten Schmidt | karsten.schmidt@audi.de
 - Senior Security Engineer @ Audi AG
 - 4 Years of experience in Telecommunications
 - More than 15 years in the Automotive Industry
 - Primary focus now on network and hardware security

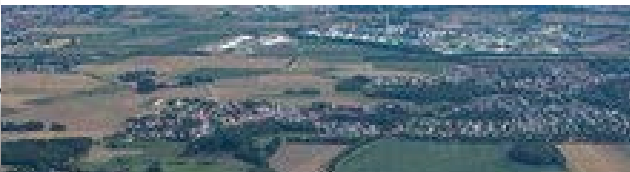
Agenda

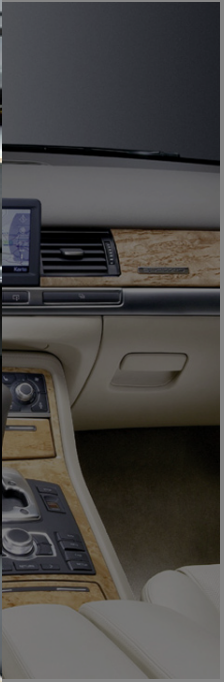
- Motivation
- Organisation of a Bug Hunting Event
- Impressions of the Event
- Understanding the Automotive Domain
- Conclusion & Takeaways



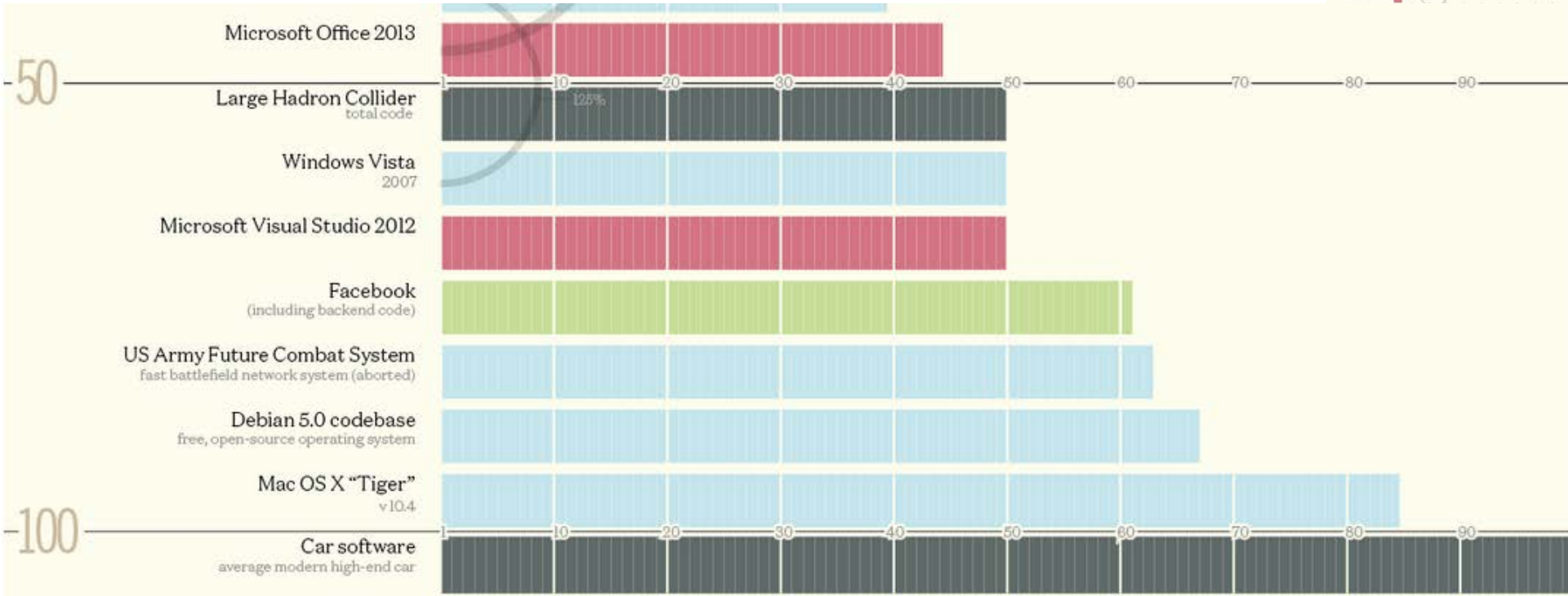
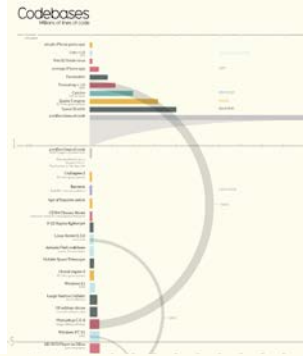


Motivation

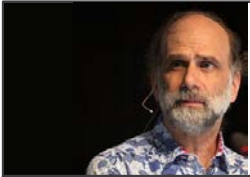




Software



Challenges – Security as a Moving Target



*"Complexity is the enemy of security.
As systems get more complex, they get less secure"*
Bruce Schneier



A system is only as secure as its weakest link



A Bug is hard to find
(attackers have time, developers don't)

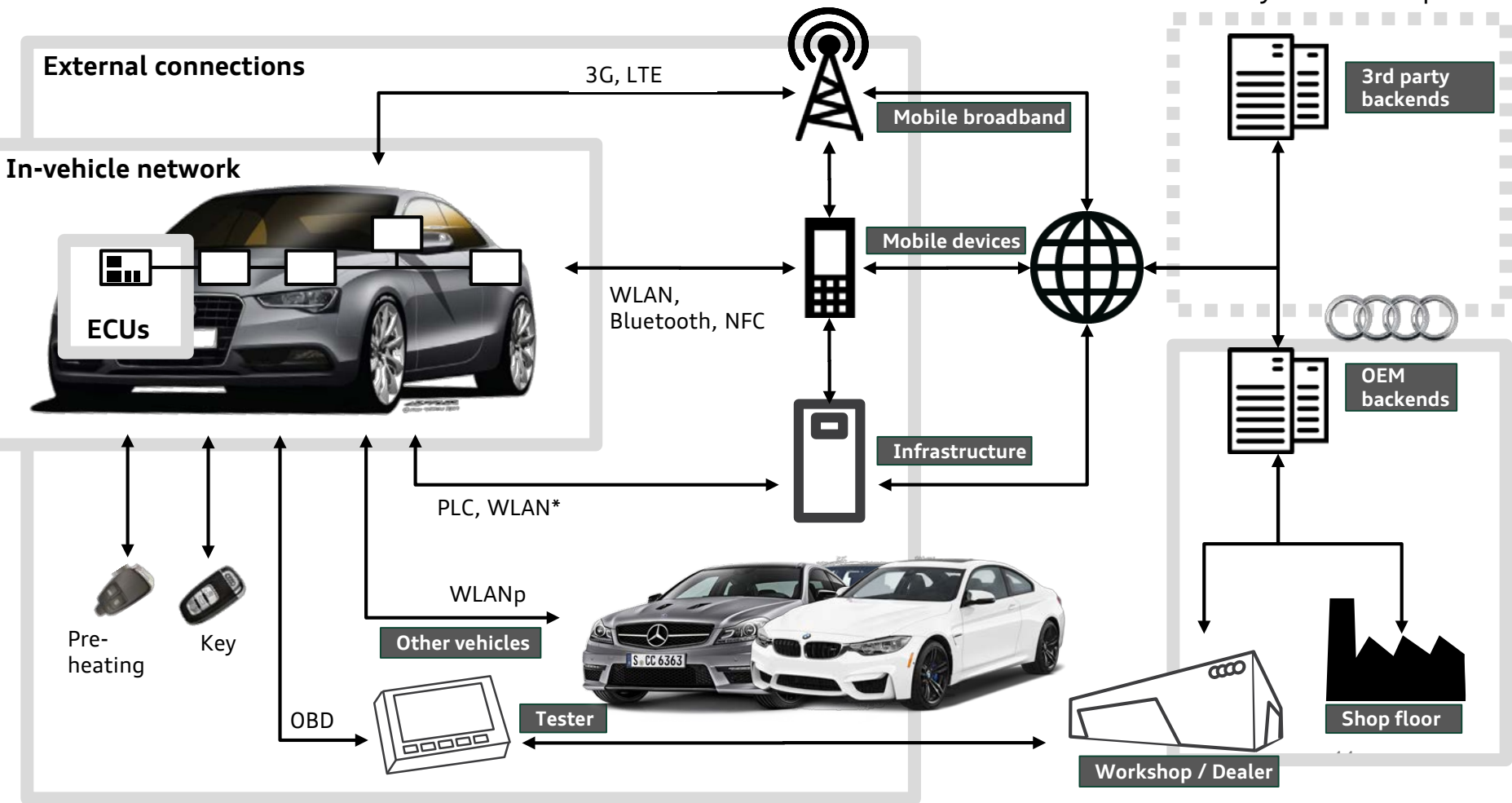


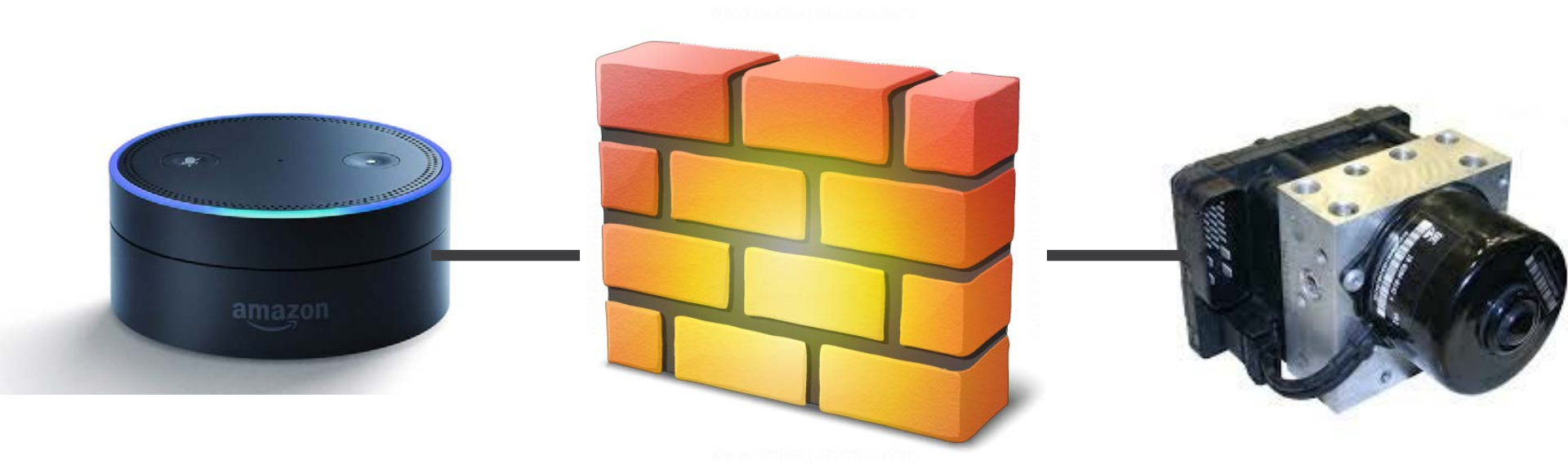
Only one entry point needed

Security by design = essential
Software (alone) cannot protect software

Focus Security: Vehicle, external connections and endpoints

Focus IT-Security:
IT-Systems + Endpoints





It works for me.....

What could possibly go wrong?

It's All about Trust

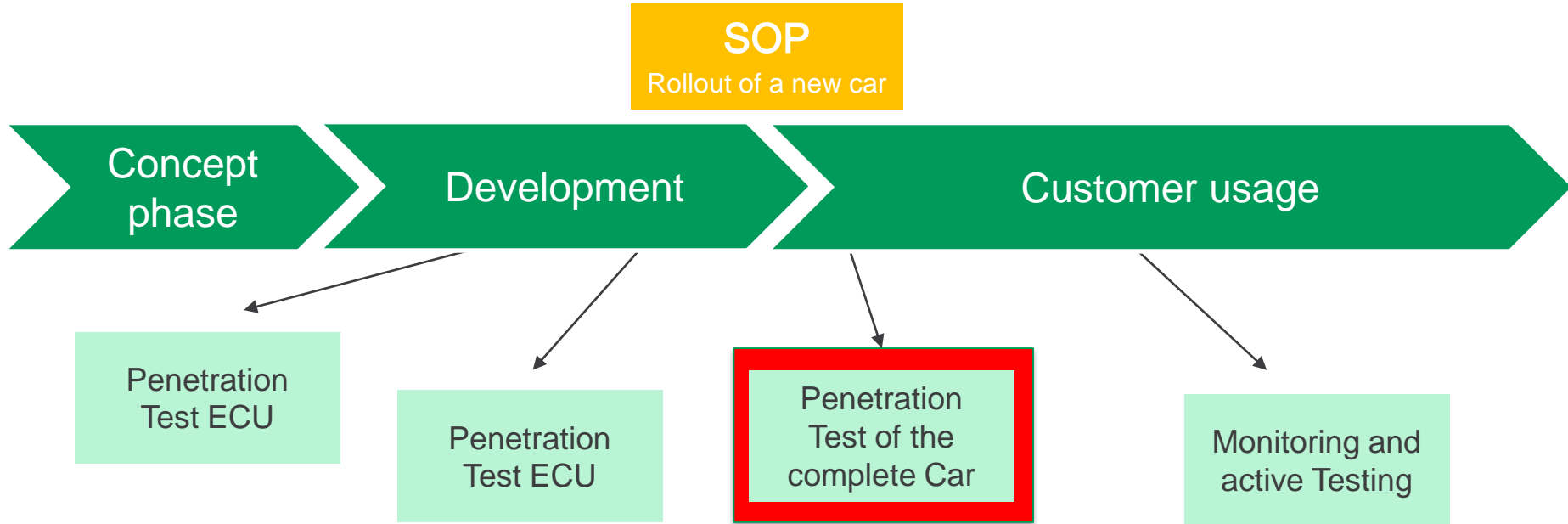


- Security from the users perspective → I can trust the car
- Security from the OEM perspective → Build trust in an economic manner!





Overall Concept



- Security Testing is already a defined part of the development cycle
 - Security Risk analysis in the beginning of the development process
 - Pentest for ECU and functions ongoing
- How to improve?

Core Motivation

- Due to the complexity of cars, security assessments take huge amounts of time to reveal in-depth weaknesses
- Therefore, achieving knowledge exchange between security and (automotive) engineering community will bring both sides further
- → Knowledge exchange is the primary goal





Organisation of a Bug Hunting Event

Most Important Question

- What to do with the findings?
- Legal dept. vs. security community
- In terms of our core motivation *Knowledge Transfer*, responsible disclosure would be the best way to go
- ... along with publishing the results and methodologies used



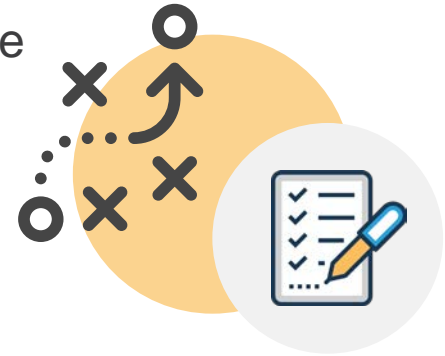
How to Organize a Bug Hunting Event?

- Get and meet all legal requirements
- Set up a Bug Hunting policy
 - Definition of goals
 - How to submit the bugs?
 - What about third-party bugs?
 - Definition of the scope
 - Definition of “out of scope” systems
 - Mention “worst case scenarios”
 - Define finding categories along with rewards



Defining the Mode

- Two weeks
- One huge garage with all necessary tools in place
- Full access to the site for all Bug Hunters
- Invite-Only
- 10-20 Bug Hunters
- Two Vehicles
- Several work spaces with *test racks*



Defining the Scope

- ECU-View
 - Central computer (MIB)
 - ConBox and central gateway
 - Engine immobilizer
 - Central driving assistance ECU
 - Charging Infrastructure
- Network view
 - Ethernet VLAN Architecture (IPv6-based!)
- External (incoming) connections
 - Conbox into Car
 - All telco interfaces
 - GPS, Radio (DAB+), etc...



Defining the Worst Case Scenarios

- Remote control of the car
- Battery overload → physical damage/explosion
- Function-on-Demand feature activation
- User data extraction (i.e. over air-interfaces)



Rewards

- Jury, consisting of members of both parties
- From 500 to 15'000 Euro, depending on the impact, the likelihood, the “attack path”, etc.
- Highest rewards for
 - Buffer overflows
 - Authentication bypasses
 - Vertical privilege escalation



Bug Hunters

- Wrote emails to ~25 internationally known members of the IT security community (& Troopers family ;-))
- Some did not want to attend due to moral reasons
- Eventually, the team consisted of 15 Bug Hunters





Impressions & Outcome of the Event

Schedule

- 08.10. – Bug Hunting Start – Introduction Workshop
- 09.10. – Bug Hunting
- 10.10. – Special Event #1
- 11.10. – Bug Hunting
- 12.10. – Intermediate Status Workshop
- 13.10. – 16.10. – Bug Hunting
- 17.10. – Special Event #2
- 18.10. – Bug Hunting
- 19.10. – Bug Hunting End – Final Workshop



Main Bug Hunting Times

- Begin: ~ 11:30 AM – 1:00 PM
- End: ~ 12:00 AM - 2:00 AM
- Most findings were produced during the “night shift” ;-)

The Bug Hunters During the Intro Workshop



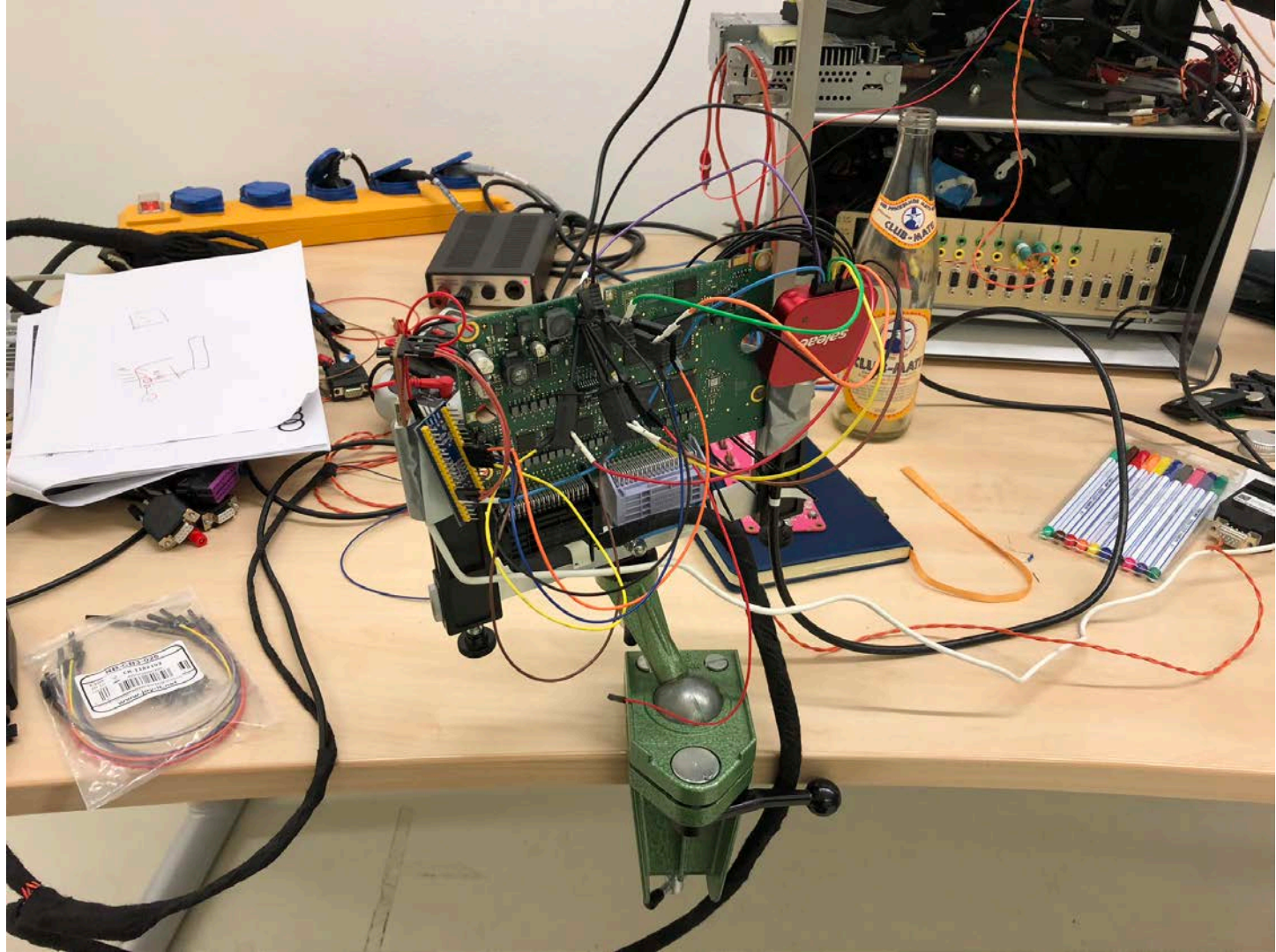












Terminal - schalla@m

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

- 1 Pizza Piccante
- 2 funghi
- 3 4-kaese
- 4 hawaii
- 5 Mauro
- 6
- 7 Rigatoni Al forno
- 8 Canneloni al forno
- 9 Spaghetti Bolognese
- 10

~
~
~
~
~
~
~

Workshops

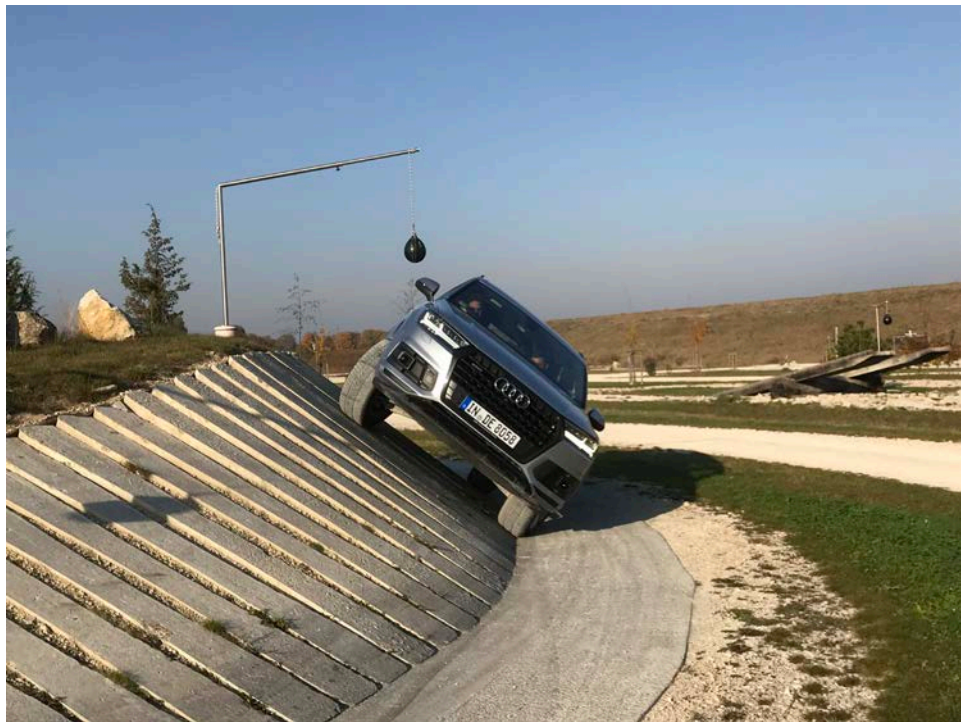
- Several times the Audi engineers presented their working field in order to give information on the targets of evaluation to the Bug Hunters
- In exchange the Bug Hunters explained how their testing approaches worked and which vulnerabilities they found – and how





Understanding the Automotive Domain

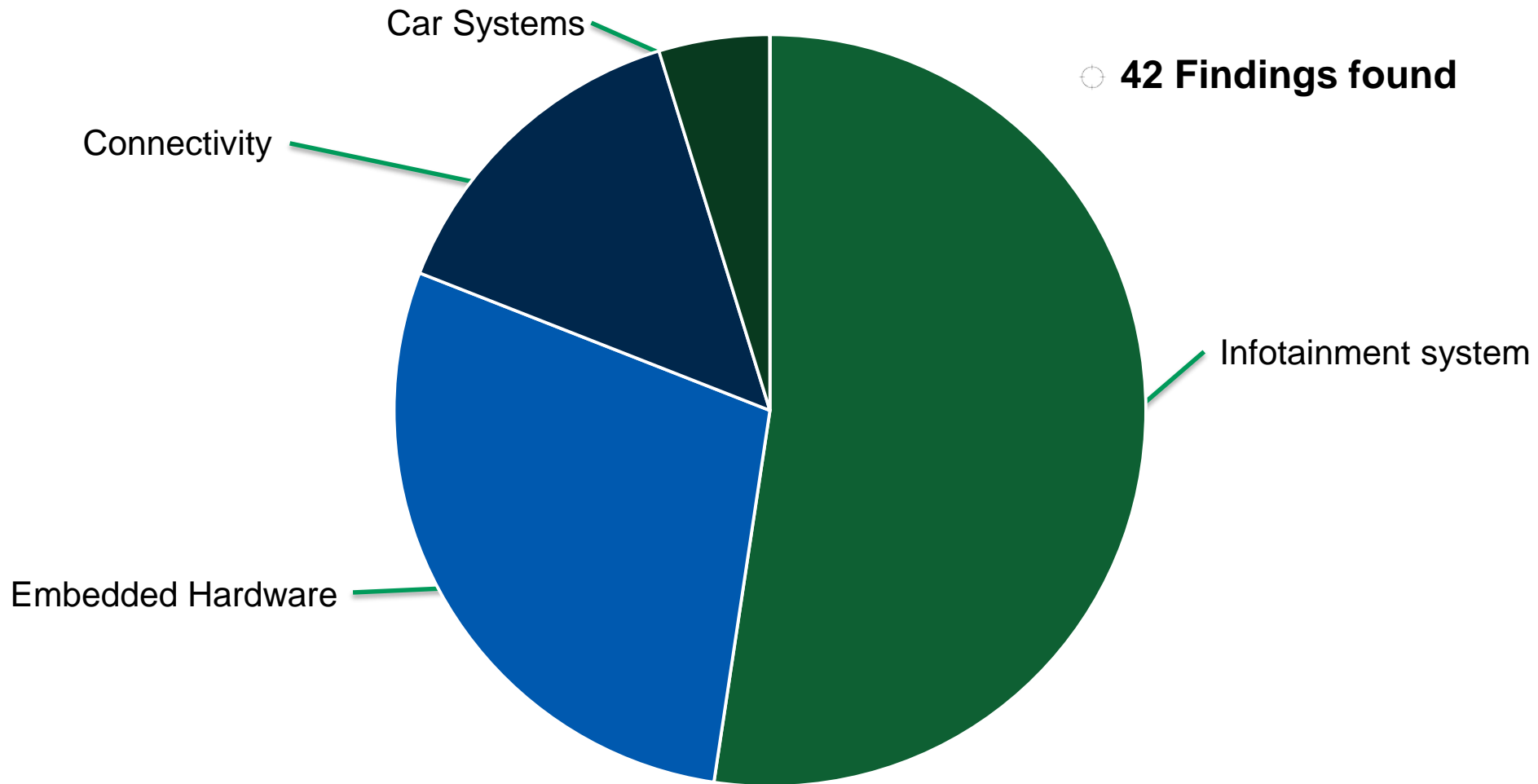






Conclusion & Takeaways

42



Summary

- Security Testing itself is not sufficient for building secure cars
 - The development of secure software and automotive systems must be understood as a process
 - The phrase “testing is an integral part of development process” becomes even more important in the context of the development of secure automotive systems
 - New testing approaches are needed
- To achieve this, close cooperation with security researchers is necessary**



Thank You for Your Attention

Any Questions?



karsten.schmidt@audi.de
kschaller@ernw.de



@dg1vs
@p4nt3on



May I ask a Question?

I would like to discuss how we can improve such events?

- Does it make sense to start a public Bug Bounty?
 - My personal opinion → No.
- How to integrate such events into the development process?
- ...