# COMPLATING IN IT Secucurity challenges in healthcare fabilities

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Who We Are

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  - Senior Security Analyst
    & Researcher @ ERNW
  - Medical computer science background
  - Performing medical device security assessments

- o Peter Hecko
  - Head of the Cyber
    Defense Center at
    HELIOS Kliniken
  - o Podcaster
  - Long-standing member of the Chaos Computer Club (CCC)



## Quantifying Helios Kliniken GmbH

- $\circ$  ~89 hospitals , ~230 medical care centers (MVZ)
- $\circ$  ~5.5m people treated, >4m on an outpatient basis
- ~78,000 employees in Germany, 7.3b € revenue (2023)
- >62.000 clients, >10.000 server hosts
- Active Directory: >140.000 users, >130.000 groups,
  >150 DCs
- >35.000 medical devices (IoMT), ~60% networked
- SOC: >40 incidents / day, 18 employees





## **Regulatory Requirements**

- Regulation (EU) 2017/745 Medical Device Regulation (MDR)
- o §8 BSIG & BSI-Kritisverordnung BSI-KritisV
- BSI TR-03161: Anforderungen an Anwendungen im Gesundheitswesen
- DKG: Branchenspezifischer Sicherheitsstandard (B3S): Informationssicherheit im Krankenhaus
- Krankenhauszukunftsgesetz\* (KHZG)

<sup>\*</sup> min. 15% "Maßnahmen zur Verbesserung der Informationssicherheit"



## **Regulatory Requirements**

ISO/IEC 27018 GoDV ISO/IEC 31000 KHZG TeleTrust BetrVG EU-DSGVO ISF GOB VVG GmbHG ZSKG RL (EU) 2022/2557 GebrMG RL 2013/40/EU GWB TTDSG ISO/IEC 27701 Rechtsakt zur Cyber-Sicherheit B3S ISO/IEC 27000 ISO/IEC 27799 GoBD BDSG neu KHSG StGB GG OH zum Einsatz von Systemen zur Angriffserkennung (SzA) UrhG TMG sche Richtlinien des VDG VIG SGB I Anforderungen nach §8a Abs. 5 BSIG PatG VO (EU) Nr. 910/2014 ISO/IEC 13485 KonTraG Mindeststandards des BSI nach §8 Abs. 1 S. 1 BSIG HGB BSIG MarkenG ISO/IEC 9001 StrlSchG IT-SiG 2.0 GeschGehG SGB V RL (EU) 2018/1972 VwVfG AMG TKÜV BGB **MPBetreibV** StP0 ProdSG VO (EU) 2017/745 NIS2 StrlSchV OH KIS BSI-KritisV KBV-IT



### Challenges



## Challenge: Publicly accessible buildings

- $\circ$   $\,$  Many publicly accessible and shared areas  $\,$
- No closing times 24/7 operation
- Huge buildings and areas that are difficult to survey and monitor
  - Presence of IT, OT and medical devices (IoMT) almost everywhere
  - Thousands of network ports with different networks
  - Access controls difficult to implement at network level
  - Many areas where infrastructure is unobserved
  - Flexibility is absolutely essential
- $\circ~$  Use of electronic door locking systems where possible



## Challenge: Medical Device Systems

- o Often: Manufacturer's software stack on hospital-supplied host
  - $_{\circ}$   $\rightarrow$  Operation of grey or black boxes within the core infrastructure
- Communication of the IoMT ecosystem with third-party systems
  - Various update processes / remote management solutions
  - Requirements for user and authorization management  $\rightarrow$  AD integration
  - Compatibility assurance: secure and insecure protocols available at once
- o Integration into backup processes
- $\circ$   $\rightarrow$  IT security risks hardly observable
- $\circ$   $\rightarrow$  Joint effort with manufacturers S



Our Exemplary Hospital...



9



## Not enough Complexity?

#### Supporting Processes

- Central hospital pharmacy, laboratory & radiology
- o Patient administration and billing
- Facility & building services

#### Communication

- o Pager and nurse call systems
- Telephony & entertainment systems
- Medical communication server
- o Telemedicine applications

#### Administrative Processes

- o Quality and risk management
- o Resource Management
  - Surgery planning & appointment scheduling
  - Laundry & cleaning, sterile processing
  - Purchasing processes & controlling

#### In-house logistics

- o Supply of technical gases
- o Food & material logistics
- o Medication supply
- In-house mail, pneumatic tube, specimen & patient transfer, ...



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Our Exemplary Hospital ...





## Challenge: Human Resources

- o Structural and sector-related tight financial situation
- Compensation and revenue very difficult to scale
- Huge recruitment problems in every profession / high vacancy
- Competition with industries with "*less complex*" problems, but more resources
- Historical subordination of IT to medical or administrative management / conflicts with "principalities"
- Pandemic increased all these problems!



## Approach: IT & Operational Centralization

- Implementation of a central ITSM, SOC
- Centralization of core infrastructure and medical systems
  - o Internal and external hosting
  - Remote access
  - Backup and failure / recovery processes
  - o Identity & access management
- $\circ$   $\rightarrow$  Share resources between different locations!
  - Security monitoring and support processes
  - Service orientation, standardization and harmonization



## Sounds great, but..

- Good approach if you have enough resources!
- You have to change your infrastructure during 24/7 operation
- Barely feasible with the IT department of one hospital
- You will never have a "clean" environment as a starting condition



## "Clean" Environments

- There is just a certain level of "clean"
- Establishing standard core infrastructure, standards and procedure is much easier
- Still dealing with the same IoT and IoMT vendors and products



How to deal with legacy environments?

- $\circ \rightarrow$  Know your weak spots & monitor them!
  - Perform a risk analysis of your assets
- Step-by-step replacement of existing systems
- Analysis of to be newly introduced systems for security capabilities through e.g. external penetration tests
- Development of security concepts including emergency and recovery plans together with the manufacturer/vendor







## Standards

- Use predefinded standards, add you own and promote them to you suppliers!
- $\circ$  Be hard on them & limit exceptions
- Define clinic-wide standards
  - The same standards for all sizes of clincs
  - $\circ$  mesure them
  - $\circ$  rate them
  - o execute them



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Our Exemplary Hospital ...









## Next Steps?



## IT & Operational Strategy

- Goal: Use human resources efficiently to operate the core infrastructure, while allowing facility-specific customization
  - $\circ$   $\rightarrow$  Define your security standards & processes
  - → Clear responsibilities, observability and regular assessment
  - $\circ$   $\rightarrow$  Require manufacturers to fit their products to <u>your</u> standards



## Next Steps?

- There are new standards (HL7 FHIR, SDC, ...) on a <u>functional</u> level
- Community engagement is crucial for future developments
  - o Technical standardization for infrastructure integration
  - $\circ$  Technical guidelines by e.g. BSI  $\rightarrow$  roadmap to legislation
- $\circ$  Use funding and development programs  $\rightarrow$  Follow-up financing!







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